



# HSE NEWS

## WORKING FOR YOU TO KEEP YOU SAFE

### Latest HSE Statistics YTD 15 Oct

|                                          | 2013 | 2014 |
|------------------------------------------|------|------|
| Workplace fatalities                     | 1    | 4    |
| Non-work related fatalities              | 7    | 4    |
| Non-accidental deaths (NADs)             | 6    | 10   |
| Lost Time Injuries (LTIs)                | 34   | 46   |
| All injuries (excluding first aid cases) | 139  | 137  |
| Motor Vehicle Incidents (MVIs)           | 102  | 86   |
| Roll over - MVIs                         | 28   | 22   |
| Serious MVIs                             | 0    | 27   |
| Lost Time Injury Frequency (LTIF)        | 0.25 | 0.33 |

### Life Saving Rules Violations

#### YTD 15 Oct

|                          |    |
|--------------------------|----|
| Journey management       | 70 |
| Speeding/GSM             | 37 |
| Seatbelts                | 47 |
| Overriding safety device | 1  |
| Working at heights       | 2  |
| Permit                   | 5  |
| Confined space           | 0  |
| Lock out tag out         | 1  |
| Drugs and alcohol        | 1  |
| Gas testing              | 0  |

### Vehicle Class A/B Defect

#### YTD 15 Oct

|         |      |
|---------|------|
| Class A | 263  |
| Class B | 3623 |

### HSE TIP

Effective communication, engagement and good interpersonal relationships between line managers and subordinates are important for staff well

[Share it with a friend](#)

## Important News



### Mental health issues at work

Mental ill health has a greater impact on people's attendance and performance at work than many other health conditions. The prevalence of mental health problems in the workforce is not greatly different from that of the general population. On average, nearly one in six of any workforce has been affected by a mental health condition such as depression, anxiety or stress. The rate increases to over one in five if alcohol and drug dependence are also taken into account. It is important to note though that only a small percentage (< 15%) of mental ill health in the

### What You Need to Know

#### Cost Savings:

Organizations can save up to 30% of the overall costs through relatively straightforward interventions such as Employee Assistance Programmes and stress management awareness sessions to managers and staff

#### Early Intervention:

Employee Assistance Programs can lead to earlier identification of mental health problems and quicker access to help. Hence, early intervention and taking the right actions in the workplace to identify and respond quickly to problems can therefore benefit employees, the business and ultimately the health of the nation

#### How to ensure success:

Organisations can ensure the success of stress management programme, by:

- Providing managers with support and encouragement
- Helping them overcome barriers
- Integration of the programme with organisational practices



workplace is directly related to work. The cost to organizations is often underestimated but it is actually believed to be enormous. The main costs of mental ill health at work are hidden costs, particularly those associated with "presenteeism" defined as "the loss in productivity that occurs when people come to work but perform at less than full capacity because of ill health". On the other hand, sickness absence is a more visible cost and is certainly important. Another cost is related to the provision of various types of mental health consultations. Mental ill health in the workforce is certainly very important and cannot be ignored due to its impact on business.



# HSE NEWS

## WORKING FOR YOU TO KEEP YOU SAFE

### HSE Advice Note

#### **The effect of interpersonal relationships and communication on mental health**

There is increasing evidence suggesting that the line manager-employee relationship has an important influence on the health and wellbeing of employees and in particular work-related stress. So much so that health and safety directives in the UK and other parts of the world have introduced management standards for managing stress in the workplace, designed to give organisations guidance on how work-related stress risks can be effectively managed.

Whilst these standards are driven from a health and safety perspective, their achievement can be influenced, and mainly determined, by how line managers carry out their people management responsibilities and how they conduct themselves to positively affect the well-being of those they manage and what to do in order to minimise and prevent stress in their team.

Four themes of behaviour, or competencies, were identified that are important for line managers to show in order to prevent and reduce stress in their staff. These are:

**- Respectful and responsible:** includes acting with integrity, managing emotions and being considerate

**- Managing and communicating existing/future work:** includes proactive work management, problem solving, keeping staff informed and encouraging participation

**- Managing the individual in the team:** includes being personally accessible, being sociable, empathising with staff and recognising that every individual is different

**- Reasoning and managing difficult situations:** involves managing conflicts effectively, taking responsibility for resolving issues and seeking advice from others when necessary.

Stress management may be included as part of management or leadership development course or induction programmes aimed at raising managers' understanding of the key behaviours.

